

MICROPLASTICS IN THE BALTIC SEA – CURRENT KNOWLEDGE AND FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

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OUTLINE

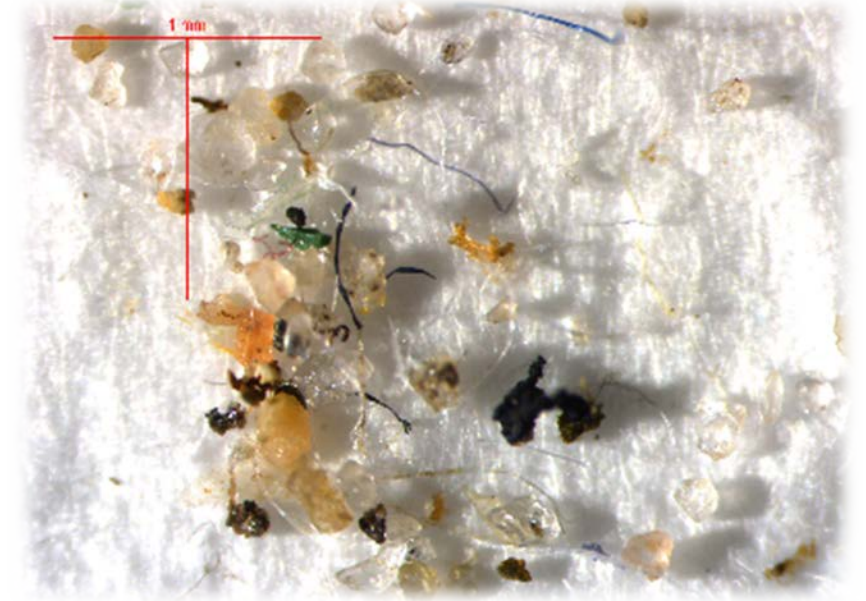
MICROPLASTIC

- definition and sources
- problems

MICROPLASTICS IN THE BALTIC SEA

- sources and pathways
- concentrations:
 - on the sea surface
 - in the sediments
 - in the sandy beaches
 - in the biota

FUTURE PERSPECTIVES AND CHALLENGES



DEFINITION AND SOURCES

Microplastic is defined as small <5 mm plastic particles - A vast majority is invisible to the naked eye.

➤ Primary microplastic



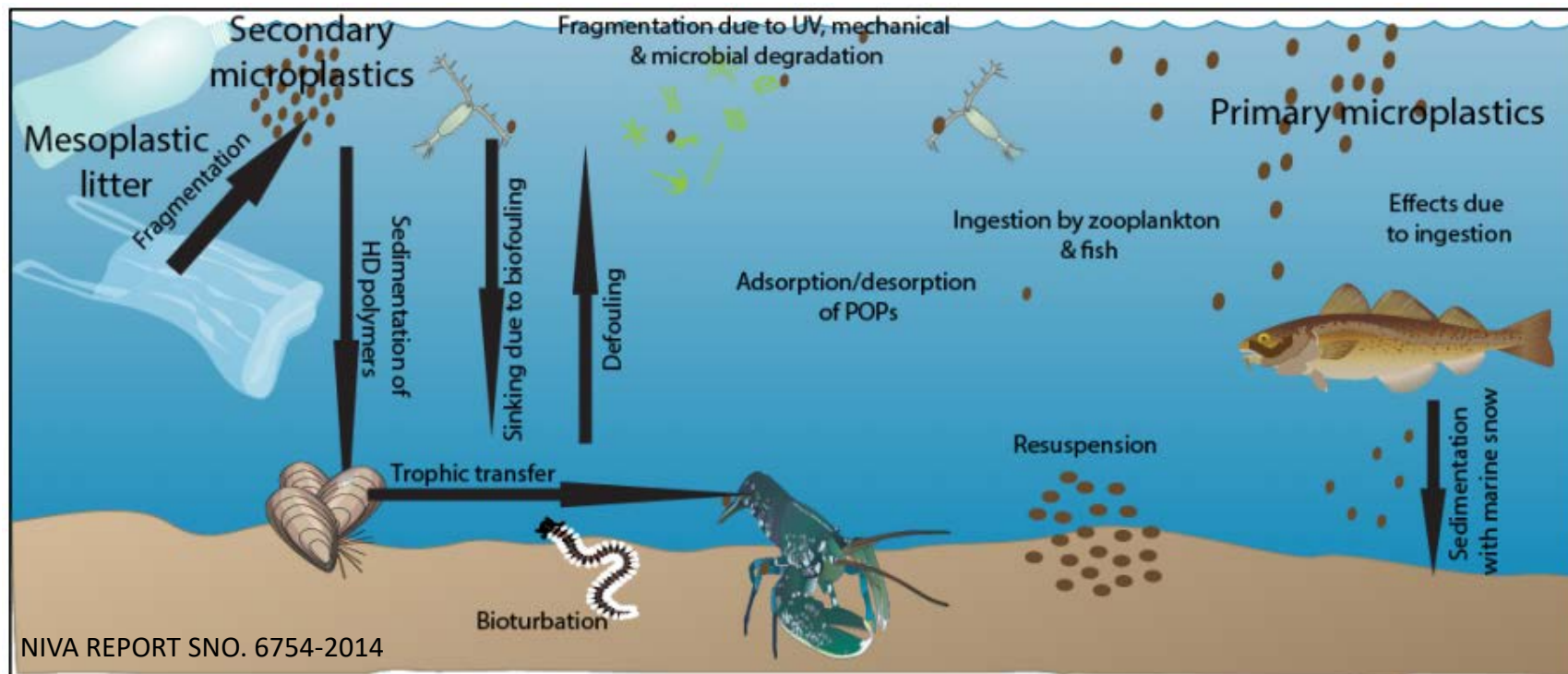
➤ Secondary microplastic



PROBLEMS

Once in the environment, the microplastics concentrate pervasive bacteria and pollutants.

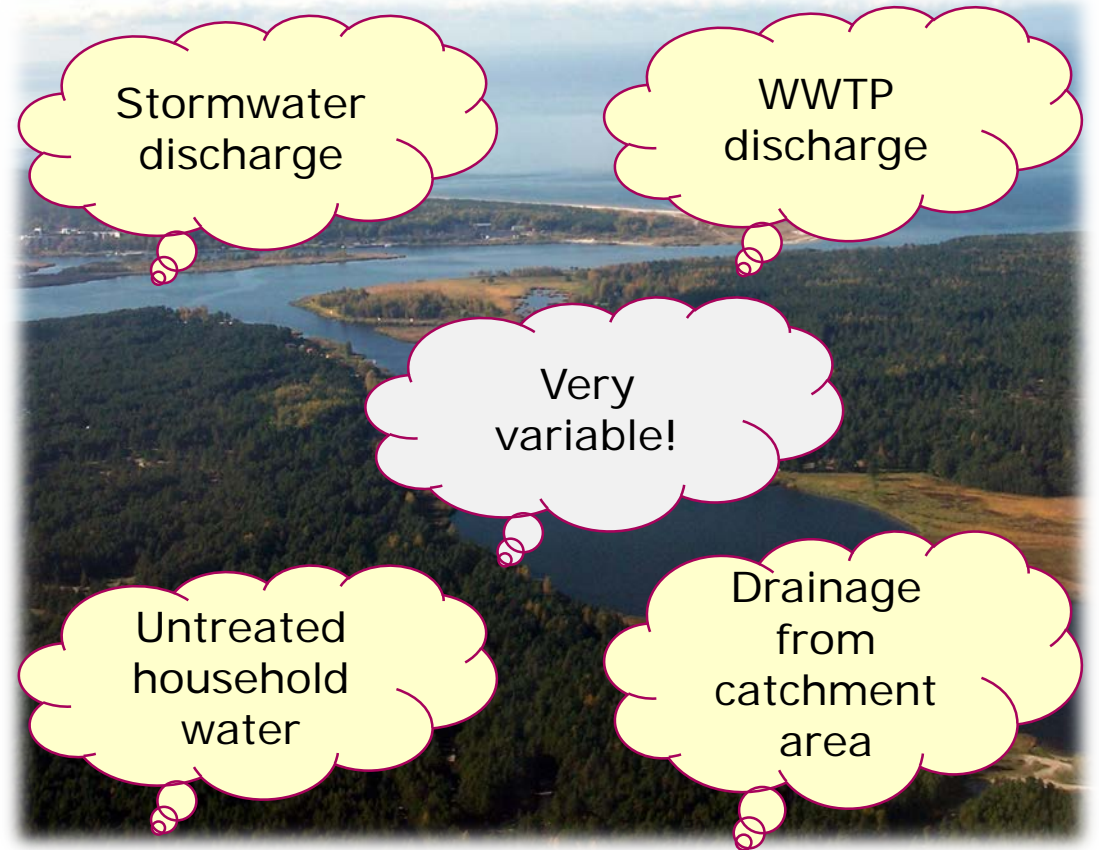
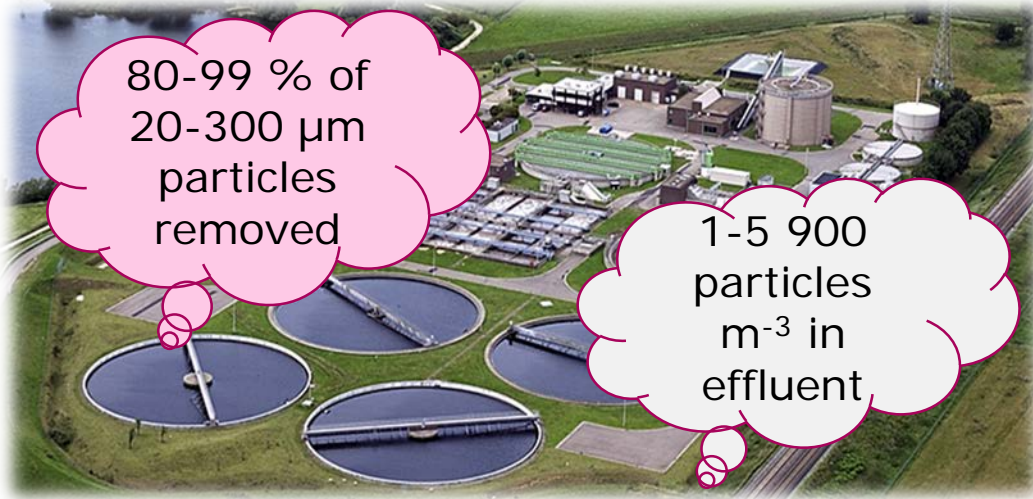
They are consumed by aquatic organisms, which can result in gastrointestinal infections, toxications, blockages, reproductive problems, starvation – problems that ultimately work their way up the food chain.



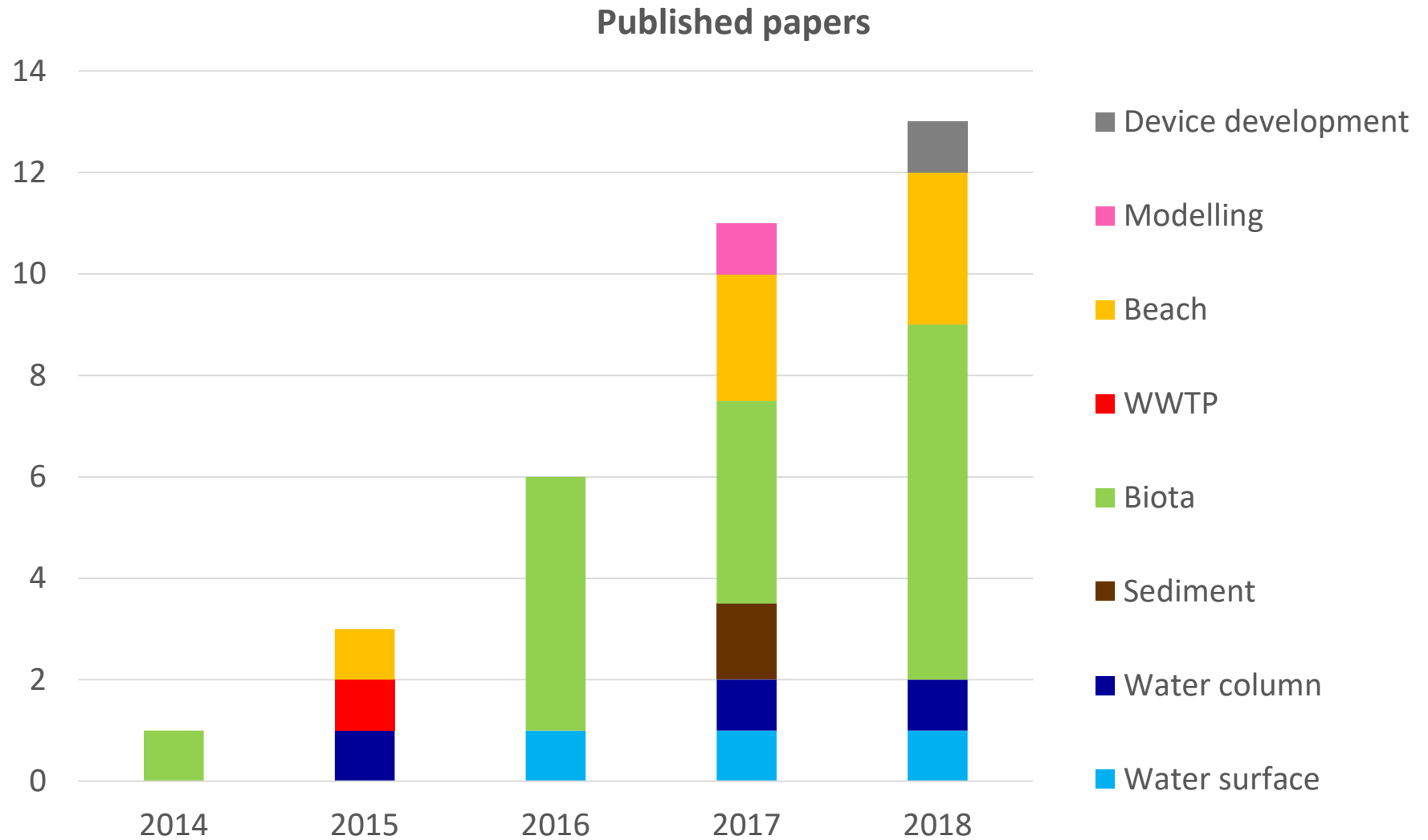
SOURCES



PATHWAYS



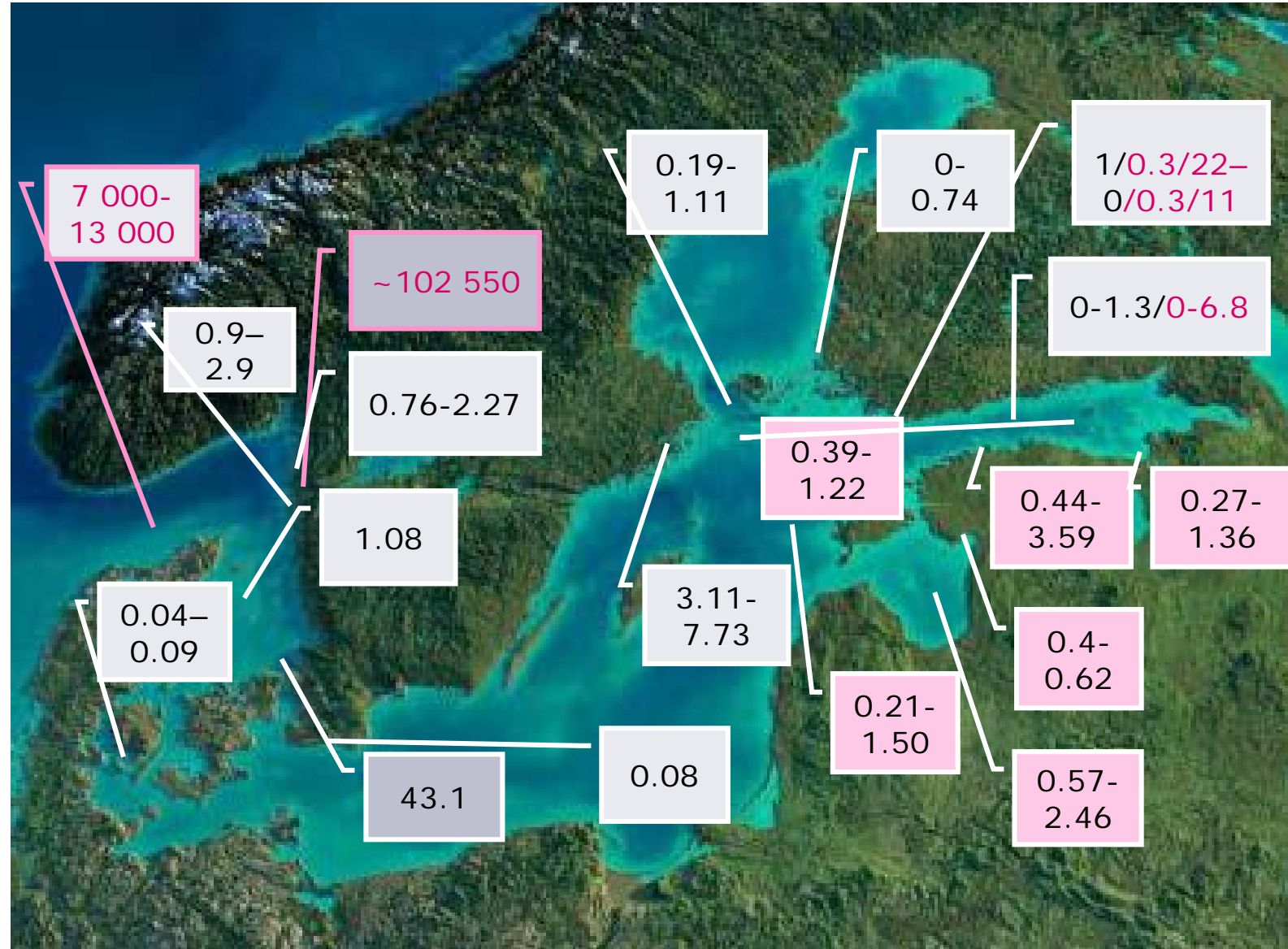
PUBLICATIONS



MICROPLASTICS ON THE SEA SURFACE



MP/m⁻³



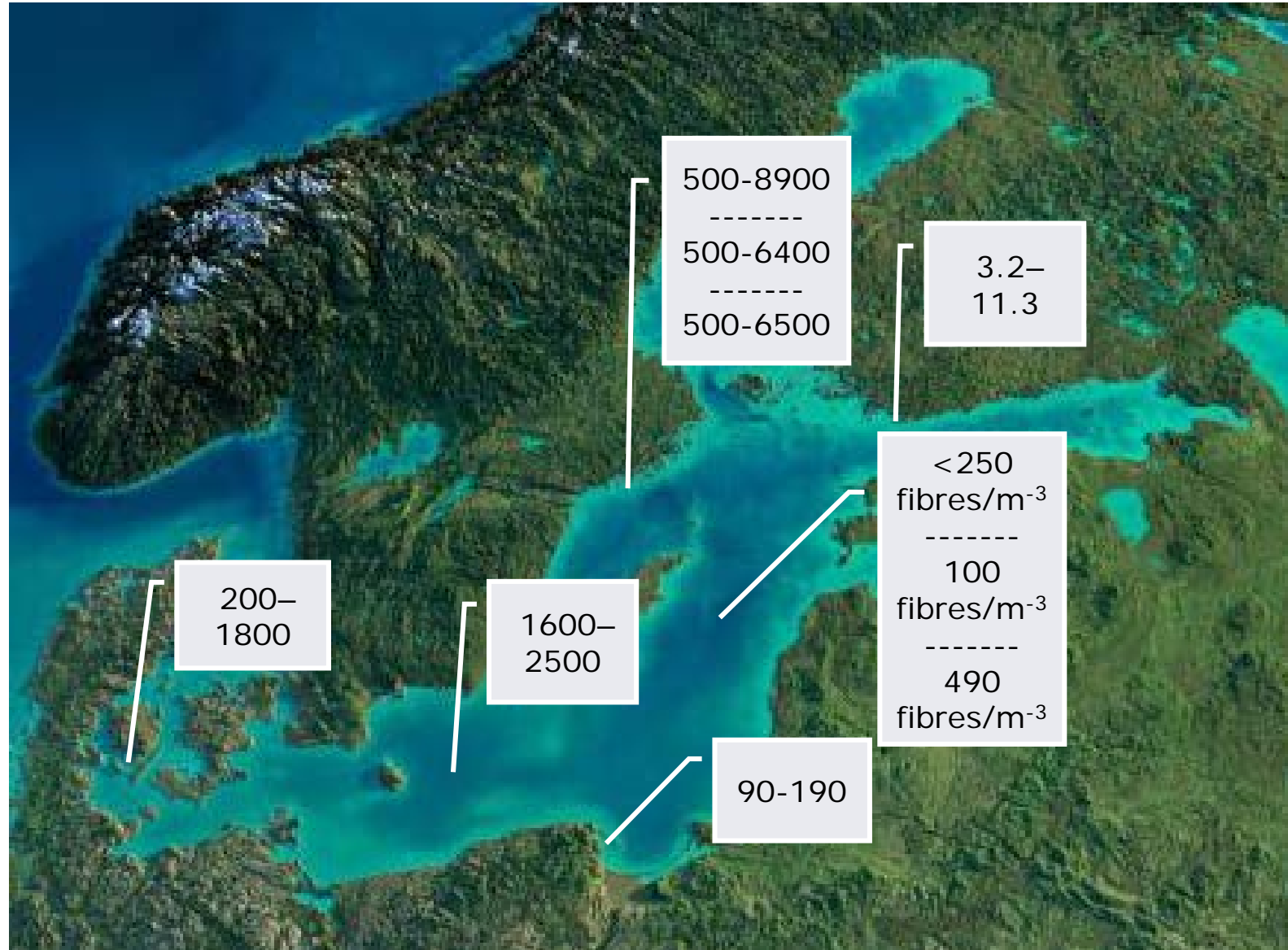
MICROPLASTICS IN THE WATER COLUMN



KC Denmark



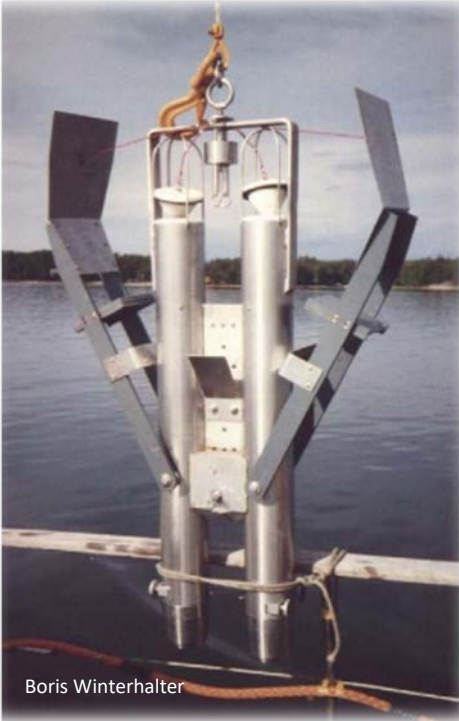
Hydrobios



MICROPLASTICS IN THE SEDIMENTS

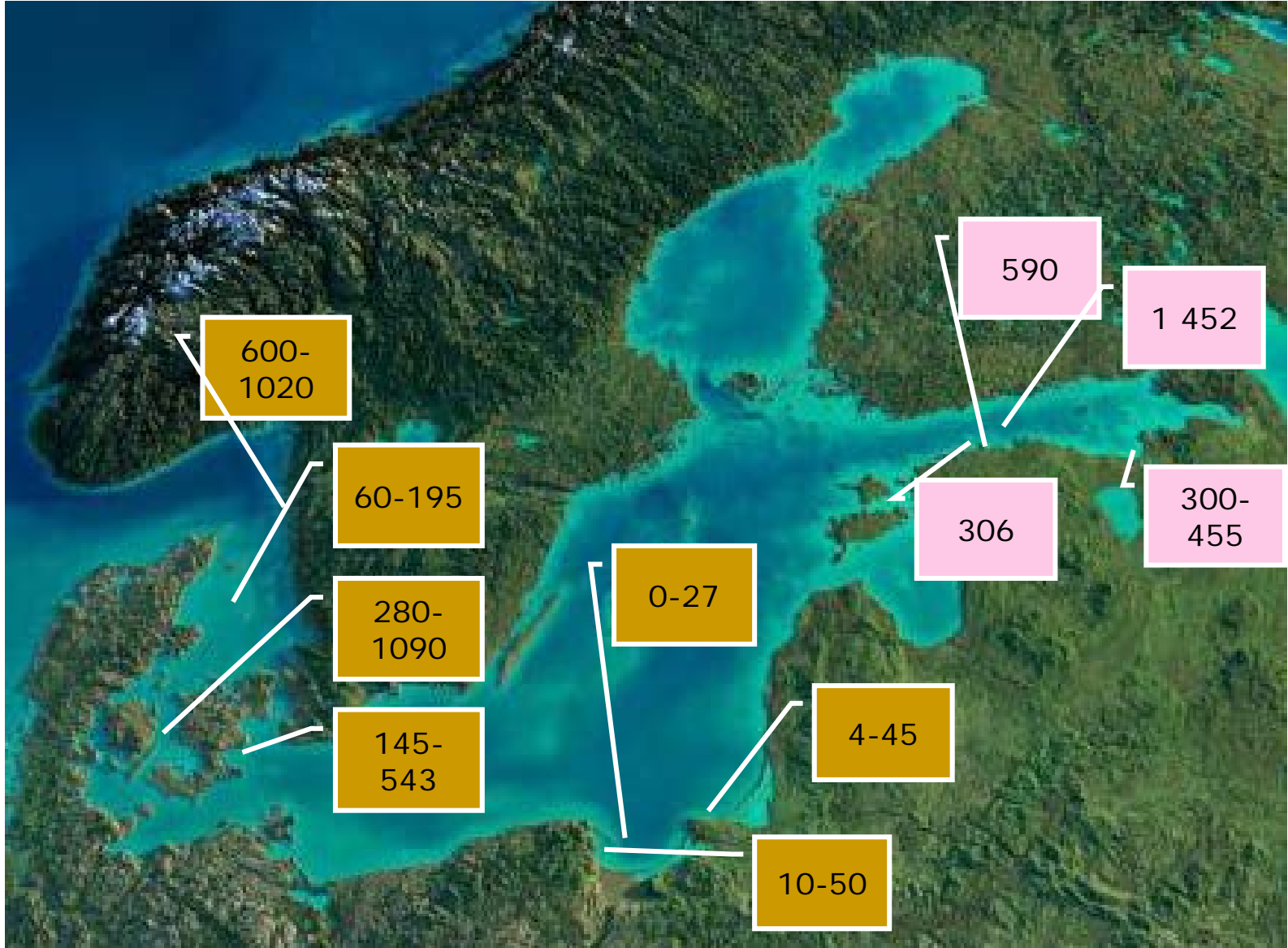


Hydrobios



Boris Winterhalter

MP/kg DW



MICROPLASTICS IN THE SANDY BEACHES

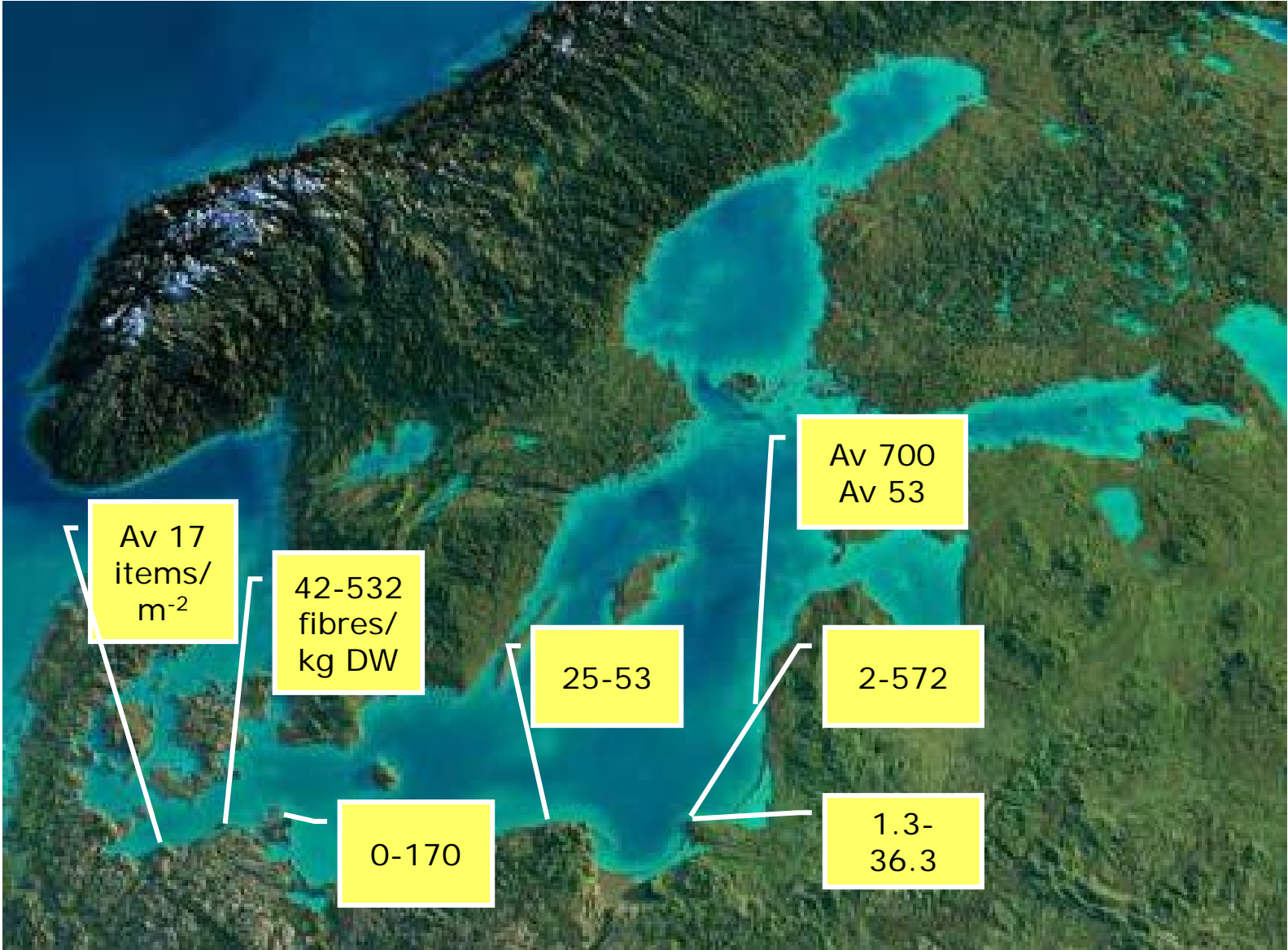


Haseler et al., 2018



Haseler et al., 2018

MP/kg DW



MICROPLASTICS IN THE BIOTA

Species	% individuals containing MP	Size of particles	Number of particles per individual	Region	Reference
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Pelagic fish

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No increase in marine microplastic concentration over the last three decades – A case study from the Baltic Sea

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MICROPLASTICS IN THE BIOTA

Species	% individuals containing MP	Size of particles	Number of particles per individual	No per g tissue	Region	Reference
Demersal fish						
European eelpout (<i>Zoarces viviparus</i>)			1.5±0.8 0.3±0.3			Agersnap, 2013
Dab (<i>Limanda limanda</i>)	0% (n=98)					Rummel et al., 2015
	4.5% (n=15)	>500 µm	Presence		Southern BS	Rummel et al. 2016
Flounder (<i>Platichthys flesus</i>)	10% (n=299)					Rummel et al., 2015
	5.6% (n=20)	>500 µm	0-1		Southern BS	Rummel et al. 2016

MICROPLASTICS IN THE BIOTA

Species	% individuals containing MP	Size of particles	Number of particles per individual	No per g tissue	Region	Reference
Bottom animals						
Blue mussel (<i>Mytilus edulis</i>)	66% (n=120)	≥100 µm	1.2–2.5	0.80±0.20	Gothenburg harbour Gullmarfjord; Svanemøllen Strand; Kalvebod; Kattegat	Magnusson et al., 2016
	66%		0.04 ± 0.19 0.1 ± 0.2	6–1.5		0.26 ± 1.3 0.4 ± 1.9
					Åland sea Hanko	Railo et al., 2018
Chinese mitten crab (<i>Eriocheir sinensis</i>)	9% (n=208) 28 (n=50)					Wójcik-Fudalewska, 2016

FUTURE PERSPECTIVES

Size matters

Railo et al., 2018

- >20–100 μm : 11.1 ± 19.2
- >100–300 μm : 0.3 ± 0.6
- >300 μm : 0

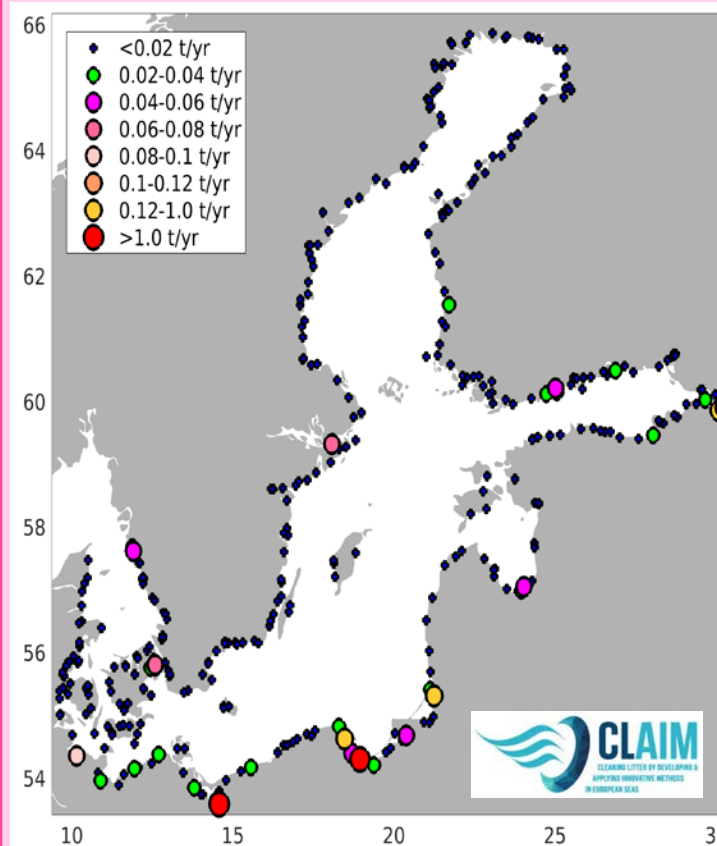
Norén et al., 2014

- >10 μm : 4 400 – 94 000
- >300 μm : 0-1.5

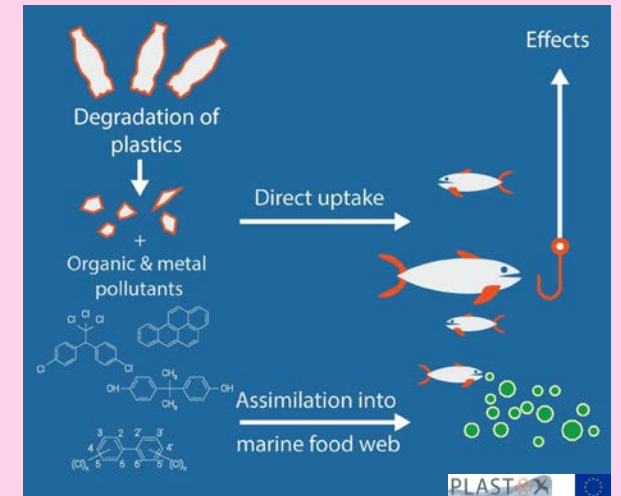
Dubaish and Liebezeit, 2013

- >1.2 μm : 64 000 (granular)
- >1.2 μm : 88 000 (fibre)

Riverine input



Impact



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